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# IOWA CORN YIELD TEST

# **RESULTS FOR 1933**

By Joe L. Robinson and A. A. Bryan



IOWA CORN AND SMALL GRAIN GROWERS ASSOCIATION

AMES, IOWA

The Iowa Corn Yield Test is conducted by the Iowa Corn and Small Grain Growers' Association in co-operation with the Farm Crops Section, Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station, and the Division of Cereal Crops and Diseases, Bureau of Plant Industry, United States Department of Agriculture.

# SUMMARY

- 1. Entries in the 1933 Iowa Corn Yield Test are divided into Regular and Experimental Divisions. No seed is available of those entries listed as "Experimental".
- 2. Certified seed of a majority of the hybrids in the Regular Division is vailable.
- 3. With few exceptions the regular hybrids were considerably more lodging resistant than the open-pollinated strains.
- 4. Hybrids yielded more than open-pollinated strains in every district. The average excess yield of hybrids was 14.7 percent. The highest as well as the lowest yielding hybrid with one exception, was an experimental entry. This gives promise of better hybrids in the future and also serves as a warning that caution should be used when purchasing hybrid seed for farm planting.
- 5 Yields of composite sam.ples of seed as planted by 7 to 26 farmers in each of seven localities were smaller than the average of the regular open-pollinated strains in six of the seven comparisons. Similar results were obtained in 1932. These results seem to indicate that strains entered in the Iowa Corn Yield Test are somewhat higher yielding than those planted by most farmers.
- 6. The Banner Trophy was awarded to Ronald M. Wilson on his Early Krug in the North Central Section. This strain yielded 11.7 percent more than the average of all open-pollinated strains entered in the three districts of that section. It has ranked relatively high in previous years.
- 7. The average field yields ranged from 41 to 89 bushels an acre with a state average of 65 bushels.
- 8. In general those strains yielding above the average in 1933 have been reltively high yielding in previous years.
- 9. A statistical analysis of the results indicates that the regular hybrids are fully as widely adapted, east and west, as the open-pollinated strains.
- 10. Seed treatment was not highly beneficial in the 1933 test.

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## PURPOSE

The purpose of the Iowa Corn Yield Test is to find for each section of the state those strains of corn which will produce the largest yields of sound grain. Significant differences in yield between strains grown in test fields under as nearly as possible the same conditions may be attributed to differences inherent in the strain.

This publication is a progress report showing the comparative yields obtained in 1933, and the percentage yields for a period of years.



Fig. 1. The above map shows the division of the state into sections and districts for the Iowa Corn Yield Test.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Secretary of the Iowa Corn and Small Grain Growers' Association and Assistant Research Professor of Farm Crops at the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station.

Associate Agronomist, Division of Cereal Crops and Diseases, Bureau of Plant Industry, United States Department of Agriculture, and Corn Yield Test Specialist for the Iowa Corn and Small Grain Growers' Association.



Fig. 1. A pretty ear may not produce a high yield.

#### PLAN

The general plan for conducting the test was similar to that of 1932 except for a reduction in the number of districts into which the state was divided. In addition a curtailment of available funds made it necessary to omit obtaining some of the data heretofore published.

#### CLASSES OF ENTRIES

The 1932 plan of classifying entries as regular or experimental was continued.

Any variety, strain or hybrid of which at least five acres were planted in the current season was classified in the Regular Division. First generation crosses between varieties, strains, or inbred lines were not included in the Regular Division unless at least five acres of corn of the same kind were produced in 1933 in the same manner as the seed entered. It should be possible, therefore,

to purchase seed of every entry listed in the Regular Division.

Each division was further divided into an open-pollinated and a hybrid class. The open-pollinated class included those strains produced without inbreeding and the hybrid class those strains involving one or more inbred lines. The term inbreeding as used here assumes completely controlled pollination. The yields in the two classes are comparable as the entries were grown side by side in the same field. The purpose of the classification primarily is for use in awarding premiums.

# DISTRIBUTION OF ENTRIES

There were 141 entries in the regular division of which 94 were open-pollinated and 47 were hybrid; 206 entries in the experimental division, of which 14 were open-pollinated and 192 were hybrid. Composite samples, each including seed from several growers, were entered in Districts 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 9. Each entry was submitted by members of a Smith-Hughes vocational agriculture class who furnished a small quantity of seed representative of that planted on their home farms. These samples were thought to be more or less representative of the average farmer's corn and were included for comparison.

TABLE I. DISTRIBUTION OF DISTRICT AND SECTION ENTRIES IN THE 1933 IOWA CORN YIELD TEST.

Dist.		Regular		Ex	Grand		
No.	0-P	H	Total	0-P	H	Total	Total
District Entries			-				
1	13	6	19	0	13	13	32
2	10	6	16	1	32	33	39
3	10	6 6 6	16	1	13	14	30
4	8	5	13	2	24	26	39
2	ă	6	15	3	17	20	35
6	9	5 6 5	13	i	17	18	31
_	10		10		0.1	00	00
7	12	4	16	2	21	23	39
8	11	4 5	15	2	30	32	47
9	13	5	18	2	25	27	45
Total	94	47	141	14	192	206	347
Section Entries							
Northern	8 5	6	14	0	13	13	27
North Central	5	5	10	1	15	16	26
Southern	9	6 5 4	13	1	21	22	35
Total	22	15	37	2	49	51	88

The total number of entries was 347, comprising 30 open-pollinated strains and 102 hybrids. No regular entries were made from outside the state. Of the 347 entries, 264 comprised 88 section entries. A strain of corn entered by one individual in each of the three districts of a section was designated as a section entry. A strain entered in one district was known as a district entry. The distribution of entries by divisions and classes in districts and sections is shown in table I.

#### IDENTIFICATION OF ENTRIES

Each entry was given a number by which it was known throughout the season. The records of these numbers with the corresponding names and addresses of their owners were sealed and placed in the College Savings Bank at Ames after planting time and were not opened until after the computation of results had been completed.

#### LOCATION OF TEST FIELDS

Results over a period of several years when the same strains were entered in both the South Central and Southern Sections indicated little difference, attributable to latitude, between these two sections. It did seem desirable, however, to shift a few counties into the next section to the north from both the old South Central and North Central Sections.

The division of the state into sections, therefore, was changed by combining the South Central and Southern Sections and designating this group as the Southern Section. Benton, Linn, Jones and Jackson Counties along the northern border toward the east end of the South Central Section were included in the North Central Section. Fayette and Clayton Counties, originally in the North Central Section, were included in the Northern Section. Each section was divided as before into a western, central and eastern district. These divisions permitted the comparison of strains under local conditions. A strain may have been entered for comparison in any district or section. The small, early maturing strains of northern Iowa, therefore, competed with one another under the conditions to which they were best suited and larger, later maturing strains grown further south were compared under the conditions to which they were adapted. The location of the test fields for 1933 is shown in table II.

TABLE II. LOCATION OF FIELDS AND DATES OF PLANTING AND HARVEST-ING THE 1933 IOWA CORN YIELD TEST

District	Cooperator	Post Office	County		Date anted	harve	
1 2 3	Paul Carstensen Geo. Hitzhusen W. F. A. Rabe	Royal Cartersville New Hampton	Clay Cerro Gordo Chickasaw	May	11 12-13 13	Oct.	19 23 25
<b>4</b>	J. N. Horlacher	Storm Lake	Buena Vista	))	10	11	17
5	Mrs. Miller S. Nelson	Goldfield	Wright	))	10		16
6	C. A. Swindell	Masonville	Delaware	))	15		26
7	C. E. Wilson	Henderson	Mills	99	10	11	18
8	Fred Randau	Ames	Story	99	16	11	24
9	H. H. McAllister	Mt. Union	Henry	99	23	11	20

#### ARRANGEMENT OF PLATS

Each entry in the Regular Division was planted in 10 plats and each one in the Experimental Division in 5 plats except composite samples, which had 10 plats each. A plat consisted of two rows 12 hills long. The experimental field was divided into 5 blocks extending east and west and again into 5 blocks extending north and south. Entries were then distributed over the field at random except that in each block a regular entry occurred twice and an experimental entry once only. While distribution was primarily random, division into blocks as described insured the widest possible distribution for all entries. This arrangement also permits direct comparison of the yields of entries in the two divisions. The experimental error in the yields of experimental entries is theoretically about 1.4 times as large as that for regular entries.

# PLANTING AND HARVESTING

Planting was begun May 10 and completed May 23. Four kernels to the hill were planted in all fields of the Northern Section and three kernels in all other fields. The seed was planted by hand to insure a uniform rate and was not thinned. The seed bed was rather wet on some fields and stands were not wholly satisfactory. The field in District 4 was rather badly damaged by hail.

The fields were harvested between October 16 and October 26. The rates and dates of planting and dates of harvesting each field are given in table II.



Fig. 2. Harvesting the yield test plots.

#### COMPUTATION OF YIELDS

The yield of each district entry in the Regular Division was computed from the product of ten 24-hill plats and in the Experimental Division from the product of five 24-hill plats with the exception noted below. The yield of a section entry was computed from the product of 30 (Regular Division) or 15 (Experimental Division) 24-hill plats distributed over the three fields of a section, except in the Southern Section. In District 9 only six replications of the regular entries and three replications of the experimental entries were harvested.

Yields represent ear corn reduced to a basis of 15 percent moisture in the grain. Moisture samples were obtained by removing about two rows of kernels from each of 60 ears taken equally from three or four replications. Moisture determinations were made on the Tag-Heppenstall electrical moisture tester.

Determinations of shelling percentage, number of ears per 100 pounds and percentage of moldy corn were not made. All entries were well matured and there was very little moldy corn.

#### PUBLICATION OF NAMES

The names of those whose entries yielded above the average of the class in 1933 are included in this report. The number and all information on each entry not ranking above the average, however, is made known to the individual making that entry so that he may be able to make comparison with other entries.



Fig. 3. The corn from each plot is weighed.

#### RESULTS

The season of 1933 was the fourth successive relatively long season, and perhaps favorable to the later maturing strains. A comparison of entries ranking above the average in yield with those ranking below the average in each class reveals the entry with the highest moisture content in the group yielding above the average 17 times out of a possible 27.

Growers are advised, however, against changing to the exclusive use of a strain that is extremely late. The yield might be disappointing and the corn

somewhat soft in a more nearly normal or rather short season.

The average field yields varied from 46 in District 4 (where hail damage was considerable) to 90 bushels in District 3. The maximum difference in yield between entries with comparable stands varied from 5 to 20 bushels in the regular open-pollinated class, from 2½ to 14 in the regular hybrid class, and from 12 to 27 in the experimental hybrid class. Only a small number of hybrids were entered in the regular hybrid class. These have been selected by the entrants because of their previous good records in yield tests. The range in yield, as would be expected, therefore, usually was somewhat smaller in this group than in either the regular open-pollinated or the experimental hybrid group.

The data on each entry yielding above the average of its class in 1933, together with the name of the entrant, are shown in table III. The averages of all entries in each class and the data on Smith-Hughes entries are included for comparison. Similar data for each section entry are indicated by sections

in table IV.

The differences in yield between section entries were somewhat less than among district entries. The differences should be more significant, however, because of their being the average of three tests. It is believed that the relative yielding ability of a strain may be obtained more quickly by comparing it in all three districts of a section. As the climatic and soil conditions vary through the sections, a single year's result as a section entry may approach the value of the result of three years' testing in one district. The performance of most strains usually has been rather similar in the different districts of a section.

The banner trophy was awarded to Ronald M. Wilson of Sac City on Early Krug entered in the North Central Section. This strain has been entered in eight tests over a four-year period. Its yield for the eight tests was 9.4 percent above the average of those with which it was compared. It was slightly later than the average and a little more resistant to lodging. Its performance has been consistent in the eight tests in which it has been entered during a four-year period.

Osterland Yellow Dent, a strain that has been entered in the North Central

Section each of the 14 years, was second.

In the South Central Section, Meyer Yellow Dent, Black Yellow Dent, Roberts Krug, Thompson Reid, and Hill Krug yielded above the average. These

strains have been consistently high producers in previous years.

In the regular hybrid class E4 and E6 yielded above the average in the Northern Section, while Hi-Breds 311 and 323 made a like performance in the North Central and Southern Sections. With few exceptions each of the regular hybrids yielded higher and was more resistant to lodging than the average of the open-pollinated strains. The average yield of the regular hybrids was greater in each field than the average yield of the regular open-pollinated strains.

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TABLE III. DATA FOR DISTRICT ENTRIES YIELDING ABOVE THE AVERAGE OF THE CLASS TOGETHER WITH THE AVERAGE OF THE CLASS GIVEN FOR COMPARISON

Rank	Entry No.	Acre Bu.	yield % of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name Address County	Variety
						Di	strict	Number One	
					REG	ULAR I	DIVISIO	N—Open-Pollinated Class	
1 2 3 4 5 6	N121 Y144 T134 U136 128 130	66.16 62.17 61.89 60.11 60.02 59.94	114.1 107.2 106.7 103.7 103.5 103.4	76.3 62.7 84.2 81.7 73.3 77.7	21.0 23.2 19.0 16.4 21.3 16.9	2.9 2.4 3.2 3.0 3.1 2.9	2.9 3.1 2.3 2.1 3.0 2.2	Albert M. Schmitz, Remsen, Plymouth	
		57.98		71.7	18.8	2.9	2.6	Average of all entries.	
							Hyb	rid Class	
1 2	V138 W140	79.38 72.22	114.3 104.0	87.5 82.3	18.0 20.5	2.2 2.2	3.0 3.0	H. H. Turner, Grand Junction, Greene	E4
		69.44		78.5	18.9	2.3	2.9	Average of all entries. 6	
					EXP	ERIME	NTAL 1	DIVISION—Hybrid Class	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	E105 F106 O103 A101 P124 S127 B102	83.07 74.56 72.44 71.04 68.44 66.45 65.97	128.2 115.1 111.8 109.7 105.6 102.6 101.8	83.5 75.8 84.4 82.1 74.4 79.0 82.7	21.5 20.9 17.1 18.5 16.8 19.5 17.8	1.8 2.0 2.6 2.8 2.0 2.6 2.4	2.8 2.2 2.4 2.2 3,0 3.0 2.2	Hi-Bred Corn Co., Grimes, Polk Genetics Section, Ames, Story Genetics Section, Ames, Story Hi-Bred Corn Co., Grimes, Polk	Hi-Bred 222 Hi-Bred 237 Hi-Bred 148 Hi-Bred 130 GK x OSE CLA x IDT Hi-Bred 146
		64.78		74.4	18.0	2.6	2.7	Average of all entries. 13	4

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Rank	Entry No.	Acre Bu.	yield % of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
-						Dis	trict 1	Number Two			
					REGU	JLAR D	IVISIO	N-Open-Pollinat	ed Class		
1 2 3 4 5	Y259 N239 265 201 M237	72.67 68.52 66.54 65.21 65.17	112.1 105.7 102.7 100.6 100.5	70.8 84.6 79.5 87.5 80.1	22.6 21.0 18.9 16.5 21.3	2.2 3.6 3.2 3.3 3.2	3.8 3.2 3.2 3.0 3.8	Sioux City See Albert M. Schr Arthur L. Look Geo. Hitzbusen	d Co., Sioux City, onitz, Remsen, Plym L, LuVerne, Kossuth Cartersville, Cerr	outh o Gordo	Ioleaming Golden Krug Kossuth Reliance Golden King Iodent
	246	64.82 62.13		77.9 81.0	19.2 16.7	3.1 3.0	3.3 3.0	Average of all Smith-Hughes	entries. Class, Charles City	, Floyd	Composite
							Hyb	rid Class			
1 2 8	V258 W255 G209	76.46 73.28 72.17	107.2 102.7 101.2	88.5 87.7 82.8	18.3 18.6 17.9	2.7 2.7 2.5	3.2 3.1 3.0	H. H. Turner.	Grand Junction, G Grand Junction, Gr Co., Grimes, Polk	reene	E4 E6 Hi-Bred 855E
		71.35		85.4	18.1	2.6	3.2	Average of all	entries.		
					EXP	ERIME	NTAL I	DIVISION—Hybri	id Class		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	E207 S245 F208 216 K284 229 J233 248 226 219 D206 217 220 A203 C205	82.61 76.64 75.16 74.54 73.65 72.00 71.87 71.32 70.23 70.19 69.83 69.53 69.47 69.41 69.86	120.3 111.6 109.4 108.5 107.2 104.8 104.6 103.8 102.3 102.2 101.7 101.2 101.2	88.7 79.6 88.7 84.4 82.5 86.9 83.5 76.0 81.5 77.5 78.5 75.6 69.8 84.2 89.2	20.9 17.6 20.6 15.1 16.8 16.7 19.6 15.6 16.4 16.6 14.8 16.7	2.8 1.8 2.6 2.8 3.6 3.4 3.0 3.0 2.8 3.6 2.2 2.4 3.6	2.8 3.0 2.8 3.0 2.8 3.0 3.8 2.2 3.0 2.8 2.2 3.0 3.0	Hi-Bred Corn Genetics Section Hi-Bred Corn Farm Crops Se Hi-Bred Corn Farm Crops Se Hi-Bred Corn Hi-Bred Corn	Co., Grimes, Polk on, Ames, Story co., Grimes, Polk co. & U. S. D. A., A co., Grimes, Polk co. & U. S. D. A., A co., Grimes, Polk	mes, Story nes, Story nes, Story nes, Story nes, Story	Hi-Bred 222  CLA x IDT  Hi-Bred 237  Lowa Hybrid 3227  Lowa Hybrid 3072  Lowa Hybrid 3240  Lowa Hybrid 3237  Lowa Hybrid 3237  Lowa Hybrid 3237  Lowa Hybrid 3230  Hi-Bred 150  Lowa Hybrid 3228  Lowa Hybrid 3231  Hi-Bred 130  Hi-Bred 148
		68.68		79.8	16.8	3.2	2.8	Average of all	entries. 32		

		Acre	yield	%	t. %	ing	Ħt.				
Rank	Entry No.	Bu.	% of Av.	Stand	Moist.	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
						Dis	trict I	Number Three			
					REG	ULAR I	DIVISIO	N-Open-Pollinate	d Class		
1 2 3 4 5	Y340 N321 M317 U332 319	96.83 96.74 93.02 87.41 87.07	111.9 111.8 107.5 101.0 100.6	78.6 85.4 80.7 84.0 82.7	23.1 21.7 22.3 18.7 17.6	1.8 2.7 2.3 2.1 2.1	3.8 3.0 3.9 2.7 3.0	Albert M. Schn Ronald M. Will Frank Parcaut.	nitz, Remsen, Plyn son, Sac City, Sac Sutherland, O'Brid	en	Ioleaming Golden Krug Iodent Early Golden King Golden King
	328	86.51 75.97		80.0 76.5	20.1 18.9	2.3 2.2	3.2 2.6	Average of all Smith-Hughes	entries. Dass, New Hampto	on, Chickasaw	Composite
							Hyl	orid Class			
1 2 3	V334 I311 W336	98.27 96.80 93.74	105.9 104.3 101.0	91.4 85.3 89.3	18.3 19.1 19.0	1.5 1.7 1.7	2.9 4.0 3.0	Farm Crops Sec H. H. Turner,	Grand Junction, Grand Junction, Grand Junction, Grand	reenereene	Iows Hybrid 981
		92.82		86.3	19.3	1.7	3.1	Average of all	entries. 6		
	3				EXE	ERIME	NTAL :	DIVISION—Hybri	d Class		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	E305 J313 F306 K314 S327 D304 A301	108.43 102.58 102.14 98.49 98.07 96.82 96.08	114.5 108.3 107.9 104.0 103.6 102.2 101.5	89.4 79.6 90.8 79.0 81.9 84.4 90.8	21.8 20.3 20.4 17.9 21.7 17.6 19.0	1.2 1.8 1.8 2.0 1.2 2.0 1.6	2.6 3.2 3.0 3.0 2.8 2.8	Hi-Bred Corn C Farm Crops Sec Hi-Bred Corn C Farm Crops Sec Genetics Sectio Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C	o., Grimes, Polk & U. S. D. A., An o., Grimes, Polk & U. S. D. A., An n, Ames, Story o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Polk	nes, Story	Hi-Bred 222  Iowa Hybrid 3071  Hi-Bred 237  Iowa Hybrid 3072  OLA x IDT  Hi-Bred 150  Hi-Bred 130
		94.70		86.3	18.9	1.7	2.9	Average of all	entries. 13		

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Rank	Entry No.	Acre Bu.	yield % of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
MINIPPINE.		-				Dis	trict 1	Number Four			A
					REG	ULAR I	OIVISIO	N-Open-Pollinate	d Class		
1 2 8 4 5 6	R436 430 X447 J420 438 445	45.83 44.47 42.29 41.86 41.74 40.83	114.8 111.3 105.9 104.8 104.5	68.5 68.8 70.6 66.4 71.3 63.1	18.9 18.5 18.1 17.2 19.1 17.8	3.3 3.0 3.5 3.5 3.6 3.1	3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 3.0 3.1	Ronald M. Wils J. J. Feldman, 1 H. F. Osterland Louis Quirin, S Albert M. Schm J. N. Horlacher,	on, Sac City, Sac Breda, Carroll	rlin	Early Krug  Feldman Y. D. Osterland Y. D. Golden Ideal New_Type Reid No. 59
	449	39.94 41.61		62.8 69.4	18.0 17.4	3.3 3.2	2.9 2.9	Average of all of Smith-Hughes		cahontas	Oomposite
							Hyb	rid Class			
1 2	G414 1418	56.88 53.72	115.4 109.0	72.6 68.8	16.7 17.4	2.9 2.3	3.0 3.0	Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C	o., Grimes, Polk Grimes, Polk	**********************************	Hi-Bred 323
		49.29		68.3	17.4	2.7	3.0	Average of all	entries, 5		
					EXPE	RIMENT	TAL DI	VISION—HYBRII	CLASS		
1 2 8 4 5 6 7 8 9	N427 D411 A408 O410 E412 433 8440 B409 V443 407	66.68 58.64 57.96 55.72 54.12 52.89 52.81 51.89 49.77 49.44	135.2 119.0 117.6 113.0 109.8 107.3 107.1 104.3 101.0	75.8 79.7 78.3 80.3 65.8 78.1 68.1 74.2 61.4 81.4	21.4 17.5 16.8 16.7 16.1 19.3 18.5 19.3 18.5	2.8 2.6 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.8 2.0 2.8	4.0 3.0 3.0 2.4 3.0 3.0 3.0 2.6 3.0 2.8	Farm Orops Sec Hi-Bred Corn O Hi-Bred Corn O Hi-Bred Corn O J. J. Feldman, I Genetics Section Hi-Bred Corn O Genetics Section Geo. M. Allee, 1	o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Story o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Polk Newell, Buens Vis	nes, Story	Iowa Hybrid 13  Hi-Bred 182  Hi-Bred 176  Hi-Bred 203  Feldcorn Hybrid 32  K x BLS  Hi-Bred 80  K x BAW  Allee Hybrid 56
		49.29		71.7	17.5	2,9	2.8	Average of all	entries.24		-

Rank	Entry No.	Acre	yield % of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
						Dis	trict 1	Number Five			
					REG	ULAR D	IVISIO	N-Open-Pollinate	d Class		
1 2 3 4 5	R530 X541 547 539 543	72.72 67.48 66.96 66.54 64.31	114.6 106.3 105.5 104.8 101.3	72.2 74.7 74.4 74.0 74.4	21.3 20.3 17.8 20.2 19.9	2.1 2.3 2.6 2.7 2.3	3.1 2.8 2.6 2.8 2.5	H F Octobland	Faulkney Frankl	in	Early Krug Osterland Y. D. Yellow Dent O. E. Y. D. Smooth Os. Y. D.
	518	63.48 63.04		68.9 73.3	19.3 18.7	2.3 2.7	2.7 2.8	Average of all Smith-Hughes	entries. Dlass, Humboldt, H	[umboldt	
							Hyb	rid Class			
1 2 8	G510 I514 545	81.08 79.87 78.75	106.2 104.0 103.1	83.5 78.9 75.1	18.5 19.7 19.4	1.7 1.6 2.0	2.8 3.0 2.8	Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C O. W. Johnson,	lo., Grimes, Polk lo., Grimes, Polk LeGrand, Marshal	1	Hi-Bred 323 Hi-Bred 311E Hi-Bred 942
		76.35		74.7	18.8	1.8	2.9	Average of all	entries. 6		
					EXP	ERIME	NTAL I	DIVISION—Hybri	d Class		
1 2 8 4 5 6 7	E508 D507 T593 N525 P527 A504 F509	90.30 90.10 87.95 86.73 85.00 82.89 81.47	112.0 111.7 109.0 107.5 105.4 102.8 101.0	90.3 87.2 82.2 78.1 71.1 83.1 80.3	19.0 18.9 19.7 21.4 18.2 17.9 19.7	1.2 1.6 1.2 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.4	2.8 2.8 3.0 3.4 3.0 8.0 3.0	Hi-Bred Corn C Genetics Section Farm Crops Sec Farm Crops Sec Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C	Jo., Grimes, Polk on, Ames, Story c. & U. S. D. A., And do., Grimes, Polk Jo., Grimes, Polk	mes, Story	Hi-Bred 203  Hi-Bred 182  BAW x IDT  Iowa Hybrid 13  Iowa Hybrid 3299  Hi-Bred B15  Hi-Bred 217

		Acre	yield	% p	%	ing de	Ħţ.		
Rank	Entry No.	Bu.	% of Av.	Stand	Moist.	Lodging	Ear	Name Address County	Variety
						Di	strict	Number Six	
					REG	ULAR D	IVISIO	N-Open-Pollinated Class	
1 2 8 4 5	643 J613 R625 X684 636	63.70 63.22 62.56 59.36 59.23	108.6 107.7 106.6 101.2 100.9	83.3 92.8 87.4 87.1 88.5	22.2 20.4 22.4 21.3 23.5	1.5 2.7 2.2 2.4 2.6	3.3 3.3 3.7 3.2 4.0	Paul N. Smith, Center Junction, Jones  Louis Quirin, Schaller, Sac  Ronald M. Wilson, Sac City, Sac  H. F. Osterland, Faulkner, Franklin  Ewald Kahle, Plainfield, Bremer	Golden Ideal Early Krug Osterland Y. D.
		58.68		84.2	21.6	2.3	3.5	Average of all entries.	
							Hybrid	d Class	
1 2 8 4	K615 G607 L617 I611	69.71 68.71 67.63 67.29	104.1 102.6 101.0 100.4	88.2 93.2 89.0 85.4	20.8 20.4 19.4 20.9	1.7 1.8 1.4 1.6	3.4 3.0 3.7 3.2	Farm Crops Sec. & U. S. D. A., Ames, Story	Iowa Hybrid 942 Hi-Bred 323 Iowa Hybrid 931 Hi-Bred 311E
		66.99		88.6	20.5	1.7	3.3	Average of all entries. 5	
					EXP	ERIME	NTAL I	DIVISION—Hybrid Class	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	W631 D604 A601 C603 C621 E605 U629 N620	74.78 73.29 72.80 71.11 69.32 68.77 67.71 67.43	111.1 108.9 107.5 105.7 108.0 102.2 100.6 100.2	82.5 91.7 87.2 97.2 91.1 90.8 86.4 87.8	22.3 21.4 20.0 20.3 20.0 20.1 22.2 22.6	1.0 1.6 1.4 1.8 2.0 1.6 1.4	3.4 3.6 3.4 3.0 4.0 3.2 3.0 4.0	Genetics Section, Ames, Story Hi-Bred Corn Co., Grimes, Polk Hi-Bred Corn Co., Grimes, Polk Hi-Bred Corn Co., Grimes, Polk Farm Crops Sec. & U. S. D. A., Ames, Story Hi-Bred Corn Co., Grimes, Polk Genetics Section, Ames, Story Farm Crops Sec. & U. S. D. A., Ames, Story	Hi-Bred 182 Hi-Bred B15 Hi-Bred 176 Iowa Hybrid 3268 Hi-Bred 203
		67.29		85.6	22.0	1.5	3.4	Average of all entries.	

Rank	Entry No.	Acre	yield % of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety	
						Dist	rict N	fumber Seven			-	
					REGI	JLAR D	IVISIO	N-Open-Pollinated	Class			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EE742 746 A701 DD740 B703 748 CO788 T727	70.44 69.44 69.35 67.94 67.87 67.81 67.46 67.42	105.2 103.7 103.6 101.5 101.4 101.3 100.8 100.7	91.9 92.4 89.9 93.5 90.8 94.7 91.7 89.4	18.7 17.9 17.5 17.5 18.9 17.8 17.4 17.0	2.4 3.0 2.4 2.7 3.3 3.3 3.0 2.8	2.9 3.1 2.9 3.0 2.9 3.1 2.9	Claude E. Wilso G. V. Harkrader Clarence S. Hill	n, Henderson, Mil, Adel, Dallas, Minburn, Dallas	ls	Meyer Y. D. Wilson K-90 Harkrader Y. D. Pfister Krug T. Reid Petty Imp. Reid Black Y. D. Krug	16
	755	66.94 65.18		91.7 78.6	17.9 16.8	2.9 3.0	3.0 3.1	Average of all e Smith-Hughes C	ntries. lass, Malvern, Mi	ills	Oomposite	
							Hyb	rid Class				
1	K715	74.83	102.1	90.7	15.6	1.6	2.9	Hi-Bred Corn Co	Grimes, Polk		Hi-Bred 311	
	1	78.32		91.4	16.7	2.1	2.7	Average of all e	entries. 4			
					EXP	ERIME	NTAL I	DIVISION—Hybrid	Class			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	R724 N720 0721 F708 G709 0705 W732 H710 E707	80.76 80.23 77.71 77.60 76.80 76.15 73.84 73.68 73.45	110.4 109.7 106.2 106.1 105.0 104.1 100.9 100.7	87.2 91.4 85.0 94.4 95.0 93.6 87.8 93.3 84.4	17.0 16.0 18.2 19.0 16.8 15.6 17.4 17.4	2.4 2.0 2.6 2.2 2.6 2.6 3.2 2.6 2.6	3.8 3.4 3.0 3.0 3.0 2.4 3.8 2.8	Farm Crops Sec. Farm Crops Sec. Hi-Bred Corn Co Hi-Bred Corn Co Genetics Section Hi-Bred Corn Co Hi-Bred Corn Co Hi-Bred Corn Co	& U. S. D. A., Am & U. S. D. A., Am o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Polk o., Grimes, Polk	es, Story	Iowa Hybrid 3065 Lowa Hybrid 13 Lowa Hybrid 3045 Hi-Bred 215 Hi-Bred B15 K x LA Hi-Bred 276 Hi-Bred 63	
		78.16		88.6	17.1	2.5	3.0	Average of all e	ntries. 21			

Rank	Entry No.	Bu.	of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
						Dist	rict N	Tumber Eight			
					REGI	ULAR D	IVISIO	N-Open-Pollinate	d Class		
1 2 3 4 5	T827 EE849 DD847 CC844 FF851	64.34 63.81 61.54 61.16 59.54	110.6 109.7 105.8 105.1 102.4	90.4 88.8 92.6 89.4 89.2	17.2 18.6 17.0 17.1 17.9	2.9 2.8 2.8 2.9 3.1	3.0 2.9 8.0 3.0 2.9	Clarence Meyer,	Van Meter, Madison Minburn, Dallas		Meyer Y. D.  Pfister Krug  Black Y. D.  Wilson Y. D.
	862	58.17 56.75		88.9 83.1	17.9 17.4	2.9 2.9	3.0 3.1	Average of all e Smith-Hughes O	ntries. llass, Kelley, Story	********	
							Hyb	rid Class			
1 2	L817 J813	66.48 64.76	105.8 102.7	87.4 87.2	16.0 17.2	2.0	2.5 2.7	Farm Crops Sec. Hi-Bred Corn Co	. & U. S. D. A., Ames o., Grimes, Polk	, Story	Iowa Hybrid 942 Hi-Bred 309
		63.09		87.8	17.2	2.4	2.8	Average of all e	entries. 4		
		-			EXP	ERIME	NTAL I	DIVISION—Hybrid	Class		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 13 14 15	834 P822 F808 GG857 Q823 O821 E807 R824 V836 AA841 HH858 N820 H810 831 Y839 X838	79.06 75.88 73.96 73.27 78.28 71.88 71.62 70.81 69.83 69.61 69.05 68.99 67.64 67.56 66.54 66.28	119.5 113.9 111.8 110.8 110.7 108.7 108.3 107.0 105.6 105.2 104.4 104.3 102.2 102.1 100.6 100.2	86.3 86.4 93.3 91.9 79.7 83.3 89.2 77.5 90.8 87.5 90.6 87.5 86.7 78.3 88.1	19.0 18.3 21.1 15.5 17.1 18.1 19.7 16.6 16.8 16.0 16.4 18.1 19.9 17.0 17.1 20.4	2.2 2.8 2.4 3.0 2.2 2.6 2.4 3.0 2.0 3.2 2.6 3.0 2.4 2.4 2.2	2.6 3.2 3.0 3.4 3.0 2.8 3.0 2.4 8.0 3.0 3.2 3.0 2.8 3.0	Farm Crops Sec. Hi-Bred Corn Co Cereal Crops & I Farm Crops Sec. Hi-Bred Corn Co Farm Crops Sec. Genetics Section Genetics Section Cereral Crops & Farm Crops Sec. Hi-Bred Corn Co Genetics Section Genetics Section	& U. S. D. A., Ames, o., Grimes, Polk	D. C., Arlingt Story Story D. C., Arlingt Story	LA x IDT  Lowa Hybrid 3047  Hi-Bred 215  Lon, Va. I.Y.T. No. 14  Lowa Hybrid 3045  Hi-Bred 63  Lowa Hybrid 3065  LDG x IDT  K x-BLS  ton, Va. I.Y.T. No. 13  Lowa Hybrid 13  Els x IDT  K x KR  K x RR
		66.15		85.3	17.5	2.5	2.8	Average of all e	entries. 30		

Rank	Entry No.	Acre	yield % of Av.	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County		Variety
						Dis	trict 1	Number Nine				
					REG	ULAR I	IVISIO	N-Open-Pollinate	d Class			
1 2 8 4 5 6	949 8927 931 EE954 OO945 B903	81.89 79.40 78.96 78.20 77.00 76.38	110.1 106.7 106.1 105.1 103.5 102.7	68.1 84.3 78.1 71.8 76.4 78.7	26.2 23.4 22.7 21.3 21.2 23.6	3.0 3.0 2.3 1.7 2.7 2.5	3.3 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	Fred McCulloch H. H. McAlliste Clarence Meyer Clyde Black, De	Yarmouth, Des Moir , Hartwick, Iowa er, Mt. Union, Henr , Van Meter, Madis allas Center, Dallas n, Villisca, Montgon	yon	McCulloch E McAll Me	ligh Yield ister Dent yer Y. D. ack Y. D.
	963	74.40 73.24		73.6 74.5	22.1 22.5	2.4 2.3	3.0 3.1	Average of all of Smith-Hughes	entries. Olass, Winfield, Hen	nry	*************	Composite
							Hyb	rid Class				
1 2 3	952 K915 I911	87.81 83.24 83.05	109.0 103.4 103.1	78.0 77.8 74.8	23.7 19.3 23.6	2.3 1.0 1.7	3.8 3.0 3.0	Hi-Bred Corn C	armouth, Des Moine lo., Grimes, Polk lo., Grimes, Polk			-Bred 311
		80.54		75.5	21.5	1.6	3.0	Average of all	entries. 5			
					EXI	ERIME	NTAL 1	DIVISION—Hybri				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	F908 G909 O905 H910 E907 P922 N920 951 X937 943 W936 942 AA940 D906	88.90 88.88 87.03 84.37 83.86 88.54 83.31 83.30 83.11 81.86 81.62 80.23 79.86 79.04	114.0 114.0 111.6 108.2 107.6 107.2 106.9 106.8 106.6 105.0 104.7 102.9 102.4 101.4	85.2 79.6 74.5 83.3 79.2 77.8 83.3 78.6 76.9 78.6 76.9 83.3 75.9	26.6 21.4 21.7 23.5 23.3 22.2 22.7 23.8 25.6 24.1 22.8 24.2 18.6 22.2	1.0 1.3 1.3 1.7 1.8 1.7 1.8 2.0 1.0 1.7 1.8 1.7	8.0 8.3 3.0 9.3 8.0 8.7 9.3 9.0 9.0 2.7 2.3 8.0 3.0	Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C Farm Crops Sec Farm Crops Sec Ray Redfern, C Genetics Section Genetics Section Genetics Section Genetics Section Genetics Section	Co., Grimes, Polk Co., Ames, Story Co., Ames, Story Co., Ames, Story Co., Ames, Story Co., Grimes, Polk Co., Grimes, Polk Co., Grimes, Polk	les, Story	Hi Hi Iowa Hy Iowa	-Bred 258 -Bred B15 -Bred 276 Ii-Bred 63 brid 3047 Hybrid 13
		77.96		76.9	22.4	1.5	3.0	Average of all				

Rank	Entry No.	Bu.	of Av.*	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging grade	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety	
-								rn Section	- V			
1	Y	77.22	110.7	70.7	23.0	LAR D	3.6	N-Open-Pollinate		ones	Tolooming	
1 2 8 4	Ñ M U	77.14 71.66 70.54	110.6 102.7 101.1	82.1 77.4 83.1	21.2 22.1 17.4	3.1 2.8 2.8	3.0 3.6 2.6	Albert M. Schn	litz, Kemsen, Plymor	uth	Ioleaming Golden Krug Iodent Carly Golden King	
5 6 7 8	T Z AA L	69.77 67.27 65.19 63.39	100.0 96.4 93.4 90.9	* 85.5 68.1 79.8 54.1	18.7 21.2 15.7 20.3	2.8 2.7 2.8 2.6	2.7 3.2 2.5 3.3					
		70.27		75.09	19.96	2.72	3.06 Hyb:	Average of sect	ion entries.			
1 2	$\mathbf{v}$	84.70 79.75	108.8 102.4	89.1 86.4	18.2 19.4	2.1 2.2	3.0 3.0	H. H. Turner, H. H. Turner,	Grand Junction, Gre Grand Junction, Gre	ene		19
8 4 5 6	I G X H	77.30 76.62 74.55 74.29	99.3 98.4 95.7 95.4	79.7 80.1 89.3 75.8	19.3 18.7 18.7 18.4	2.0 2.2 2.7 2.0	3.5 3.0 3.1 2.7					
		77.87		83.43	18.78	2.20	3.07	Average of sect				
	E	01.97	1001	07.0	21.4	ERIMEN 1.9		IVISION—Hybrid				
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	F 8 J A O K D	91.37 83.95 80.39 79.45 78.84 78.30 78.25 76.82	120.1 110.4 105.7 104.5 103.7 103.0 102.9 101.0	87.2 85.1 80.2 76.6 85.7 88.7 75.2 76.4	20.6 19.6 20.2 18.8 17.3 17.1	2.1 1.9 2.7 2.7 2.5 2.7 2.9	2.7 2.7 3.0 3.1 2.7 2.7 3.0 2.9	Farm Crops Sec Hi-Bred Corn C Hi-Bred Corn C Farm Crops Sec	. & U. S. D. A., Ame do., Grimes, Polk do., Grimes, Polk	es, Story	Hi-Bred 222  Hi-Bred 237  OLA x IDT  Iowa Hybrid 3071  Hi-Bred 130  Hi-Bred 148  Iowa Hybrid 3072  Hi-Bred 150	
9 10 11 12 13	P B Q O R	75.67 75.65 67.24 66.12 62.61	99.5 99.5 88.4 86.9 82.3	79.8 86.7 68.1 82.9 79.2	17.2 18.0 16.7 17.1 15.5	2.3 2.7 2.8 2.7 3.0	3.0 2.3 2.6 3.0 3.2					
		76.51		80.91	18.18	2.49	2.84	Average of secti	ion entries.			

<sup>\*</sup>Average computed from three distinct averages with district as well as section entries included.

		Acr	e yield	%	%	ing	Ħt.				
Rank	Entry No.	Bu.	of Av.*	Stand	Moist.	Lodging grade	Ear I	Name	Address	County	Variety
								ntral Sector			
_					REGU	LAR D	IVISIO	N—Open-Pollina	ted Class		
1 2 3	R X J	60.37 56.38 56.12	111.7 104.3 103.9	76.0 77.5 77.1	20.9 19.9 18.8	2.5 2.7 2.8	3.3 3.0 3.0	H. F. Osterla	nd. Faulkner. Frankl	in	Osterland Y. DGolden Ideal
<b>4</b> 5	Q Y	47.21 45.03	87.4 83.3	51.7 64.2	19.0 19.0	2.5 2.5	2.9 3.1				
		53.02		69.31	19.51	2.62	3.03	Average of se	ection entries.		
							Hybr	rid Class			
1 2	G I	68.89 66.79	107.3 104.0	83.1 77.7	18.5 19.3	2.1 1.8	2.9 8.1	Hi-Bred Corn Hi-Bred Corn	Co., Grimes, Polk Co., Grimes, Polk		Hi-Bred 323
3 4 5	K L H	64.04 61.97 58.56	99.7 96.5 91.2	77.1 74.5 73.1	19.4 17.8 19.5	2.1 2.0 2.2	3.1 3.2 3.1				
		64.05		77.11	18.91	2.07	3.09	Average of se	ection entries.		
					EXPI	ERIMEN	TAL D	IVISION—Hyb	rid Class		
1 2 8 4 5 6	D N E A O P	74.01 73.60 71.06 71.05 68.41 66.12	112.6 111.9 108.1 108.1 104.1 100.6	86.2 80.6 82.3 82.9 87.4 70.0	19.3 21.8 18.4 18.2 18.5 19.6	2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.1	3.1 8.8 3.0 3.1 2.5 3.2	Hi-Bred Corn Farm Crops S Hi-Bred Corn Hi-Bred Corn Hi-Bred Corn	Co., Grimes, Polk Gec. & U. S. D. A., An Co., Grimes, Polk Co., Grimes, Polk Co., Grimes, Polk	nes, Story	Hi-Bred 182 Liowa Hybrid 182 Hi-Bred 203 Hi-Bred B15 Hi-Bred 176 Liowa Hybrid 3299
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	V FT BS MUOW	65.39 65.17 64.32 64.10 64.03 63.91 63.10 62.88 61.86	99.5 99.1 97.8 97.5 97.4 97.2 96.0 95.6 93.3	71.3 80.7 72.5 80.4 73.6 70.6 75.6 70.2 72.6	20.5 19.7 20.2 21.1 19.5 20.0 19.4 19.0 20.4	2.1 1.9 1.4 1.6 2.9 2.0 1.8 2.8 1.7	8.1 8.0 3.0 2.7 8.2 3.8 2.9 3.5 8.1			,	
		66.57		77.08	19.71	1.96	3.09	Average of se	ection entries.		

<sup>\*</sup>Average computed from three district averages with district as well as section entries included.

		£							*		A
Rank	Entry No.	Bu.	of Av.*	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
						S	outher	n Section			
					REGI	JLAR D	IVISIO	N—Open-Pollinate	ed Class		
1 2 3 4 5	EE OC T B DD	70.82 68.54 67.97 66.79 66.69 66.21 65.63	106.5 103.1 102.2 100.4 100.3	84.2 85.8 82.8 86.5 85.4 86.0 88.2	19.5 18.6 18.5 21.1 18.7	2.3 2.9 2.6 2.9 2.6 2.6 3.1	2.9 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	Clarence Meyer, Clyde Black, Da Miles T. Rober Thos. Thompson Clarence S. Hill	Van Meter, Madis allas Center, Dallas ts, Villisca, Montg a, Villisca, Montgo l, Minburn, Dallas	onomeryomery	Meyer Y. D. Black YD. Krug T. Reid Pfister Krug
8	A U	65.29 61.10	98.2 91.9	82.4 84.9	19.0 18.7	2.4	3.0 3.0				
		66.56		85.13	19.25	2.69	2.99	Average of secti	on entries.	~	
							Hybri	ld Class			
1	K	72.83	100.7	85.3	17.2	1.7	3.0	Hi-Bred Corn C	o., Grimes, Polk	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Hi-Bred 311
2 8 4	I L J	72.04 71.04 70.92	99.6 98.2 98.1	85.8 83.7 83.6	20.3 17.1 18.6	2.4 1.9 1.9	2.9 2.7 2.4				
		71.71		84.61	18.31	1.95	2.75	Average of secti	ion entries.		

<sup>\*</sup>Average computed from three district averages with district as well as section entries included.

Rank	Entry No.		yield % of Av.*	Stand %	Moist. %	Lodging	Ear Ht.	Name	Address	County	Variety
								on—(Continue			
1 2 8 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	F G E C R P H X Q O A A	80.15 77.51 76.57 76.81 75.75 75.85 75.81 75.28 74.16 73.72 78.57 78.41 78.23	110.7 107.0 105.7 105.4 104.6 104.0 103.9 102.4 101.8 101.6 101.4	91.0 87.4 88.0 84.3 88.6 77.7 82.7 87.8 85.4 77.0 79.7 83.4 84.0	22.2 18.9 18.8 20.4 17.5 17.9 19.3 20.8 21.6 18.1 20.5 16.9 19.7	1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.0 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.7 2.3 2.5 2.5	3.1 3.3 3.0 2.9 3.0 3.3 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.2 2.9 2.4	Farm Crops Sec. & Hi-Bred Corn Co., Hi-Bred Corn Co., Farm Crops Sec. & Farm Crops Sec. & Hi-Bred Corn Co., Genetics Section, Farm Crops Sec. & Farm Crops S	Grimes, Polk  U. S. D. A., Am Grimes, Polk Grimes, Polk Grimes, Polk U. S. D. A., Am U. S. D. A., Am Ames, Story U. S. D. A., Am U. S. D. A., Am	nes, Story	Hi-Bred 215  Iowa Hybrid 13  Hi-Bred 258  Hi-Bred 63  Hi-Bred B15  Iowa Hybrid 3065  Iowa Hybrid 3047  Hi-Bred 276  K * PR  Iowa Hybrid 3062  Iowa Hybrid 3045  K * BLS  K * LA
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	GG HH Z D V M Y BB	72.29 71.97 71.08 71.01 70.01 69.61 66.42 62.82 78.09	99.8 99.4 98.1 98.0 96.7 96.1 91.7 86.0	85.2 84.6 87.5 85.6 87.5 80.5 83.8 82.8	17.9 18.0 19.0 19.2 18.4 17.8 18.8 18.6	2.8 2.3 2.6 2.4 2.0 1.8 1.7 1.6	8.1 2.9 8.1 2.5 2.7 2.5 2.4	Average of section	a entains		

<sup>\*</sup>Average computed from three district averages with district as well as section entries included.

## SECTION YIELDS OF PREVIOUS YEARS

Many strains seem to yield relatively more in some seasons than in others. It is very desirable to know how any strain performs as an average of a period of years. Rather few strains have been entered in the three districts of a section for a large number of years. A relatively high yield in one or two tests often was considered sufficient evidence of the satisfactoriness of a strain, consequently it was not entered again. A strain which yielded relatively low, perhaps was replaced without further trial by one higher yielding. The yield, moisture content, and lodging resistance as percentages of the class averages, of those strains in the 1933 tests and one or more previous years as section entries are given in table V. The percentages were averaged for the number of tests in which any strain was compared.

With respect to yield, the higher percentage is desirable. For lodging, however, the smaller the percentage the more lodging resistant is the strain. This is the result of recording the estimate of the lodging resistance as a grade of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5, the smaller grade indicating the kind that stood up best. Likewise with moisture the higher percentages indicate the greatest moisture content at harvest. Only those strains are included which have a percentage yield

of 100 or greater.

Open-pollinated and hybrid entries are grouped separately. The data on the hybrids are computed as percentages of the open-pollinated average. This makes it possible to compare the hybrids not only with each other but with the open-pollinated strains as well. The average yield of the hybrids has been greater than that of the open-pollinated class in every test beginning with 1928.



Fig. 4. A good ear on every plant is an important factor contributing to high yield.

TABLE V. RECORDS OF YIELD, MOISTURE AND LODGING COMPUTED AS PERCENTAGES OF THE OPEN-POLLINATED AVERAGES FOR SECTION ENTRIES IN THE IOWA CORN YIELD TEST OF 1933 AND ONE OR MORE PREVIOUS YEARS.

Name	Postoffice	County	Kind of Corn	No. of Years	Yield, % of Av. O.P.	Moist., % of Av. O.P.	Lodging % of Av. O.P.
		NORTHERN S	SECTION—Open-Pollinated				
Fred N. Rupp Frank Parcaut	Cherokee	Cerro Gordo CherokeeO'Brien	Golden King	4	105.1 111.2 100.8 100.1	85.7 108.3 105.2 95.0	97.4 98.7 103.4 104.2
			gular Hybrids				
H. H. Turner	Grand Jct	Greene	Iowa Hybrid 931 T6Hi-Bred 355	4	119.1 112.1 111.5	108.1 97.7 94.4	71.6 90.7 79.3
		NORTH CENTRA	L SECTION-Open-Pollina	ted			
Smith Bros	Center Jct	Jones	Osterland Yel, Dent Loleaming Early Krug	8	103.5 101.1 108.1	102.3 91.7 108.6	103.3 95.1 94.3
		R	egular Hybrids				
Hi-Bred Corn Co Hi-Bred Corn Co	Grimes	Polk Polk	Iowa-Hybrid 942	4	120.0 117.2 113.2 108.7	103.5 98.3 106.3 94.5	84.9 91.0 74.6 81.1
3		SOUTHERN S	SECTION-Open-Pollinated				
Geo. Steen Fred McCulloch A. Wilson G. V. Harkrader Clarence Meyer Miles Roberts	West Liberty Hartwick	Dallas	Black Yel. Dent Steen Yel. Dent McCulloch High Yiel Wilson High Yield Harkrader Yel. Dent Krug Pfister Krug	14 d 14 10 8 5	102.1 100.8 100.3 103.0 105.6 107.6 106.0 102.6	101.6 94.2 103.2 98.1 95.9 101.9 93.2 99.0	99.9 93.9 104.3 101.3 98.4 96.3 99.0 97.6
			egular Hybrids				
Hi-Bred Corn Co	GrimesGrimes	Polk	Hi-Bred 311	3	112.4 107.4 113.6 109.6	101.3 92.3 105.8 88.7	77.0 80.6 86.0 86.0

# COMPARISON OF OPEN-POLLINATED AND HYBRID STRAINS

The use of hybrid seed is increasing each year. Two reasons undoubtedly account for this—higher yield and greater lodging resistance. The yield usually has been given first consideration.

The average yield of the hybrid section entries in percentage of the average yield of the open-pollinated section entries is shown for each district in table VI for the years 1926 to 1933, inclusive, together with the average per-

centages by years.

During the seven years, 1926 to 1933, inclusive, the hybrids, in comparison with open-pollinated strains, yielded less in eastern Iowa than in central Iowa in 25 of the 30 comparisons. Similarly, the same strains produced relatively less in eastern than in western Iowa in 25 of the 31 comparisons. The average excess yield of the hybrid over the open-pollinated section entries in 1933 was 14.7 percent and for the 8-year period 9.3 percent. As a whole, the hybrids showed greater resistance to lodging than the open-pollinated strains.

TABLE VI. AVERAGE YIELD OF HYBRID SECTION ENTRIES IN PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE YIELD OF OPEN POLLINATED SECTION ENTRIES FOR THE YEARS 1926-1933 INCLUSIVE

	1926 %	1927 %	1928	1929	1930	1931 %	1932 %	1933 %
1 2 3	117.1 104.6 97.4	109.2 117.4 102.9	109.8 120.4 109.3	108.9 124.1 114.4	114.3 113.3 110.7	116.2 105.9	115.3 101.6 102.2	114.3 109.5 107.0
4 5 6	115.5 106.5 104.5	104.6 111.1 109.7	110.0 107.8 102.8	110.1 108.3 103.4	115.5 114.4 104.5	111.8 113.2 109.0	107.2 108.2 106.0	128.8 127.6 116.0
7 8 9	105.3 103.9 104.9	102.8 98.1 102.3	113.7 115.3 113.9	109.1 109.1 114.1	112.6 123.5 105.6	107.4 108.4 106.8	112.0 109.6 105.5	109.4 114.1 105.8
10 11 12	111.4 102.9 110.3	102.2 114.3 107.1	111.0 108.2 104.2	107.7 112.2 106.0	102.3 111.4 103.2	104.8 106.3 102.2	102.2 110.6 99.8	
Average	107.0	106.8	110.5	110.6	110.9	108.4	106.7	114.7

A further comparison of the yields of hybrid and open-pollinated strains is presented in table VII, where the average yield of each class, the highest and lowest yield, and the difference between the two classes in each district are shown. The first half of the table shows the comparison of regular hybrids with open-pollinated strains and the second half the comparison of experimental hybrids with regular open-pollinated strains.

Both the regular and experimental hybrids produced a greater average yield than the open-pollinated class in every comparison. The highest yield in each test was made by a hybrid. The lowest yield was made by an open-pollinated strain or an experimental hybrid in each field. The lowest yielding regular hybrid produced more than the average open-pollinated in eight of the nine

fields.

A comparison of regular with experimental hybrids shows that the highest yield in each test was produced by an experimental entry. This would indicate the possibilities of getting better hybrids. The lowest yielding hybrid also was an experimental entry in eight of the nine fields. And again we repeat the warning; the variation in yield of the hybrids is evidence of the fact that

TABLE VII. COMPARATIVE YIELDS, AVERAGE, HIGH AND LOW, OF OPEN-POLLINATED (O-P), REGULAR HYBRID (H) AND EXPERIMENTAL HYBRID (H) ENTRIES AND THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN OPEN-POLLINATED AND HYBRID, A PLUS BEING IN FAVOR OF THE HYBRID AND A MINUS IN FAVOR OF THE OPEN-POLLINATED IN THE 1933 IOWA CORN YIELD TEST.

	1	lo. of	ntries	Av	acre yield	, bu.	Hig	High acre yield, bu.			Low acre yield, bu.		
Dist.	Field	0-P	Н	0-P	Н	Dif.	0-P	H	Dif.	O-P	н	Dif.	
					Open-Pollina	ted Vs. Regu	lar Hybrid	g					
1	Royal	13	6	57.98	69.44	+11.46	66.16	79.38	+13.22	52,27	64.23	+11.90	
2	Cartersville	10	6	64.82	71.35	+ 6.53	72.67	76.46	+ 3.79	60.30	68.27	+ 7.9	
3	New Hampton	10	6	86.51	92.82	+ 6.31	96.83	98.27	+ 1.44	76.79	89.08	+12.2	
4	Storm Lake	8	5	39.94	49.29	+ 9.35	45.83	56.88	+11.05	29.89	43.20	+13.3	
5	Goldfield	9	6	63.48	76.35	+12.87	72.72	81.08	+ 8.36	51.86	70.87	-19.0	
6	Masonville	8	5	58.68	66.99	+ 8.31	63.70	69.71	+ 6.01	53.22	61.60	+ 8.3	
7	Henderson	12	4	66.94	73.32	+ 6.38	70.44	74.83	+ 4.39	61.23	72.34	+11.1	
8	Ames	11	4	58.17	63.09	+ 4.92	64.34	66.43	+ 2.09	51.41	60.42	+ 9.0	
9	Mt. Union	13	5	74.40	80.54	+ 6.14	81.89	87.81	+ 5.92	65.92	73.70	+ 7.7	
				Op	en-Pollinate	d Vs. Experim	ental Hyb	rids					
1	Royal	13	13	57.98	64.78	+ 6.80	66.16	83.07	+16.91	52.27	38.91	-13.3	
3	Cartersville	10	32	64.82	68,68	+ 3.86	72.67	82.61	+ 9.94	60.30	59.53	7	
8	New Hampton	10	13	86.51	94.70	+ 8.19	96.83	108.43	+11.60	76.79	82.01	+ 5.2	
4	Storm Lake	8	24	39.94	49.29	+ 9.35	45.83	66.63	+20.80	29.89	34.36	+ 4.4	
5	Goldfield	9	17	63.48	80.66	-17.18	72.72	90.30	+17.58	51.86	73.04	+21.1	
6	Masonville	8	17	58.68	67.29	+ 8.61	63.70	74.78	+11.08	53.22	55.05	+ 1.8	
7	Henderson	12	21	66.94	73.16	+ 6.22	70.44	80.76	+10.32	61.23	64.88	+ 3.6	
8	Ames	11	30	58.17	66.15	+ 7.98	64.34	79.06	-14.72	51.41	52.42	+ 1.0	
9	Mt. Union	13	25	74.40	77.96	+ 3.56	81.89	88.90	+ 7.01	65,92	63.08	- 2.8	

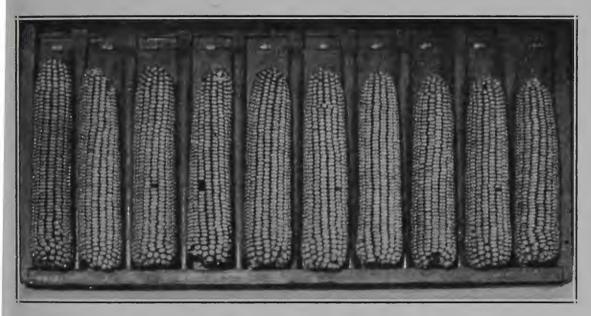


Fig. 5. Representative ears from a high yielding strain of corn.

not every hybrid is high yielding. Buyers of hybrid seed should place confidence only in those hybrids which have been thoroughly tested and are being sold under a guarantee that the corn is identical in pedigree with that in the test.

One of the best ways of locating good hybrid seed is to purchase certified hybrids. To be certified a hybrid must have yielded at least 10 percent more than the average of the open-pollinated strains for two out of the immediate past five years. In addition, it must have been equal in lodging resistance and have had a combined advantage of yield and lodging resistance of 25 percent. The crossing field is inspected at the time of detasseling to make certain that the tassels are removed and that the field has sufficient isolation to prevent serious contamination. The seed itself must be of good quality and germinate not less than 90 percent.

#### SEED TREATMENT

The seed of each entry in the Regular Division was divided into two lot and handled as if there were two entries. The first lot of seed was planted a received. The second lot was treated with a commercial dust. It is thus possible to make a direct comparison between untreated and treated seed of the same strain of corn. The number of entries, the average yield of the untreated and the treated lots and the differences between them are shown by districts in table VIII.

A statistical analysis of these results indicates that probably none of the differences are really significant. The difference for the open-pollinated class in District 9, 4.21 bushels, is rather large and favorable to the untreated lot The differences in stand in this district were considerable and without a single exception the treated lot had the lower stand. No explanation for this is apparent. In the hybrid class eight of the nine differences are favorable to treatment, the average difference being 1.31 bushels.

It is believed that the season was such as to make the need for the seed treatment less than usual. Previous results have indicated the most marked advantage of seed treatment occurred in seasons with a prolonged cold, we period following planting.

TABLE VIII. AVERAGE YIELDS OF UNTREATED AND TREATED ENTRIES OF OPEN-POLLINATED AND REGULAR HYBRIDS IN THE 1983 IOWA CORN YIELD TEST.

	No. of		Acre yield, bus.	
District	entries	Untreated	Treated	Difference
		Open-pollinated st	rains	
1 2 3	13 10 10	57.46 64.37 86.59	58.50 65.26 86.42	+1.04 + .89 17
<b>4</b> 5 6	8 9 8	41.03 63.94 58.05	38.84 63.02 59.30	2.19 92 +1.25
7 8 9	12 11 13	66.90 5 <b>7.4</b> 5 <b>76.</b> 50	66.97 58.89 72.29	+ .07 +1.44 -4.21
Average				0.31
		Regular Hybrid	ls	
1 2 8	6 6 6	68.52 70.71 91.84	70.36 · 71.98 93.79	+1.84 +1.27 +1.95
<b>4</b> 5 6	5 6 5	48.07 75.33 67.52	50.51 77.37 66.44	+2.44 +2.04 -1.08
<b>7</b> 8 9	4 4 5	72.77 62.21 80.31	73.86 63.96 80.76	+1.09 +1.75 + .45
Average				+1.81

## PREMIUMS FOR 1933 TEST

(1) The following premiums apply only to the Regular Division.
(2) The Banner Trophy is awarded annually by Raymond A. Pearson, ex-president of Iowa State College, to the Iowa grower whose entry produces the highest percentage above the average yield of the upper two-thirds of all entries in his class in the three districts of any section. Thus the highest yielding section entries of the two classes compete for the Banner Trophy. Only section entries are eligible.



(3) A gold medal will be awarded in each section to the entrant in each class whose corn produces the highest average yield for the three districts. Only section entries are eligible.

(4) In each district the Association will award a bronze medal for the highest yielding corn in each class entered by a grower residing in the district where the test was made, provided the entry ranks in the upper third.

(5) The highest yielding third of both classes in each district will receive suitable ribbons from the Association.

#### PLAN FOR 1934

The plan for the 1934 Iowa Corn Yield Test will be completed and mailed to those interested after the Annual Farm and Home Week.