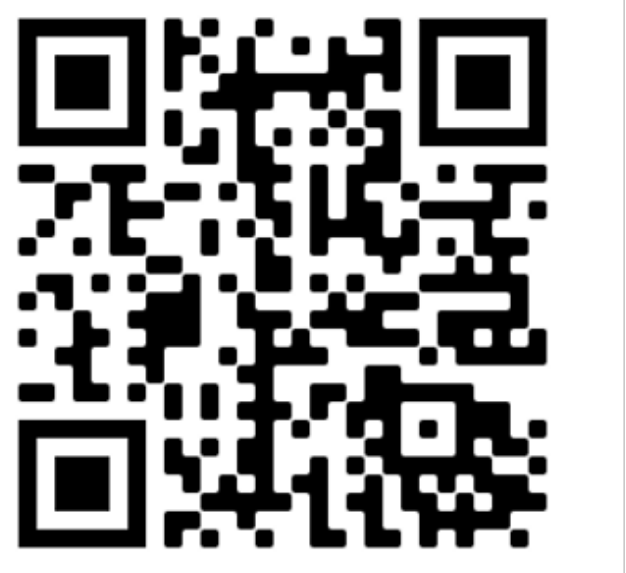


A Likelihood Ratio Approach for Detecting Behavioral Changes in Device Usage Over Time



Rachel Longjohn and Padhraic Smyth, University of California Irvine

Background

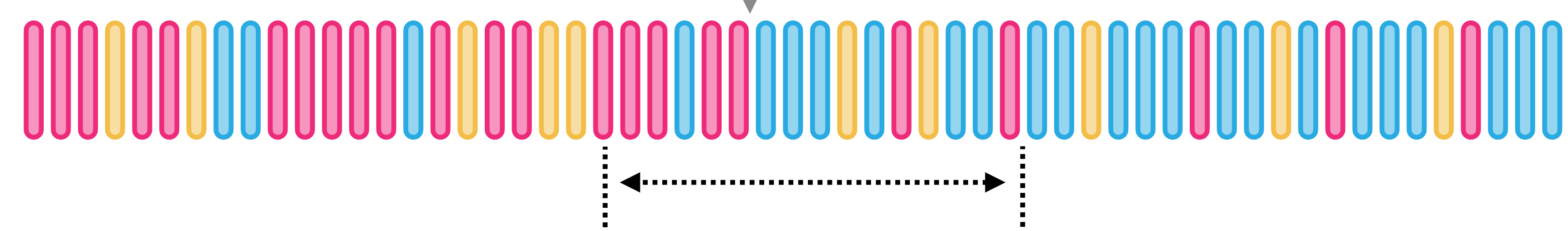
Evidence: categorical sequence of user-generated event data on a device



Ex: sending texts or emails, making calls, using apps

Forensic question: is there evidence of a change in event patterns, or changepoint, during this sequence?

Is there evidence of a changepoint here specifically? **Old method (1)**



Is there evidence of a changepoint anytime in this time window? **This method**

A changepoint in the sequence may indicate that the sequence of events was generated by two different individuals rather than a single individual.

Hypotheses: one source vs. two source

H_1 : there is no changepoint in the sequence; it was generated by a single individual

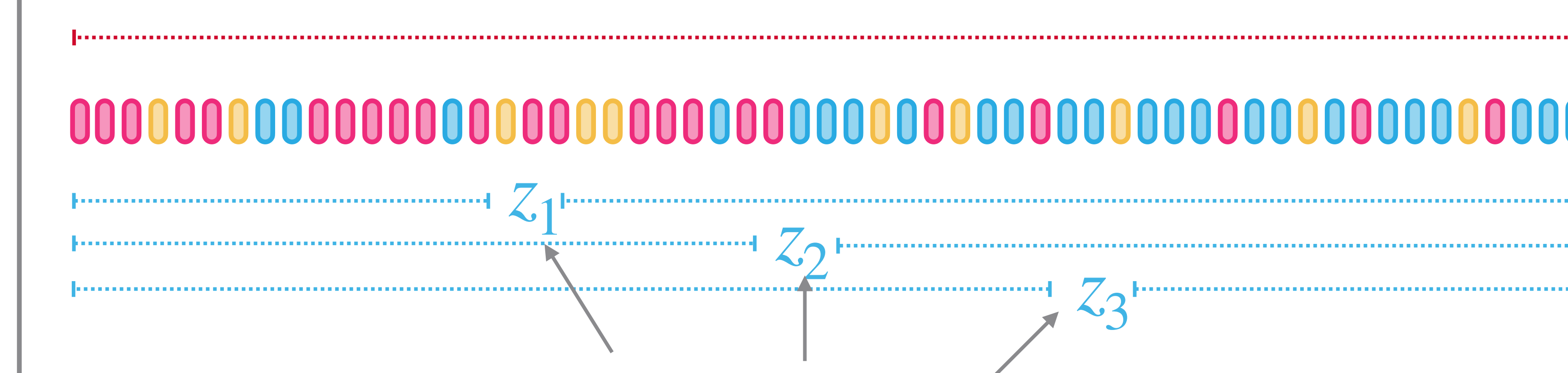
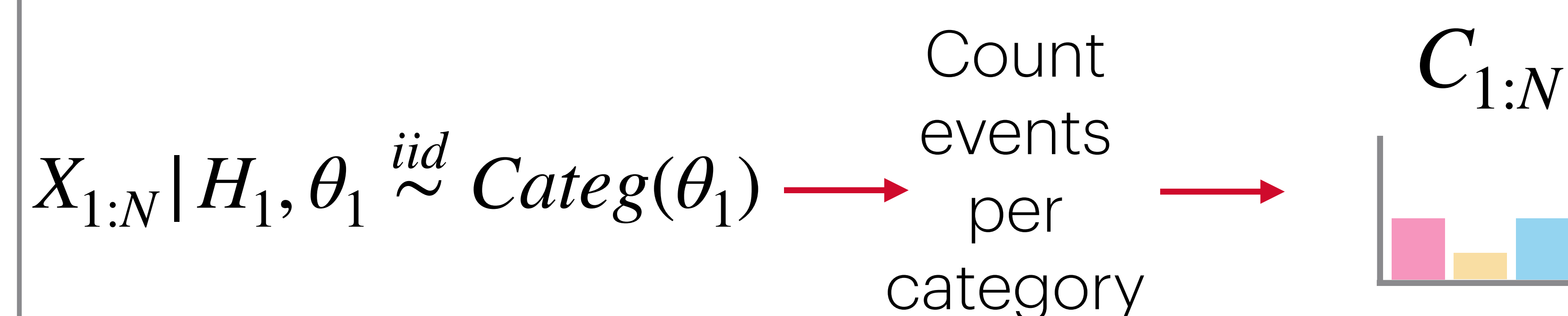
H_2 : there is one changepoint in the sequence; it was generated by two different individuals

Methods

Likelihood ratio (Bayes factor):

$$\frac{P(H_1)}{P(H_2)} \times \frac{P(E|H_1)}{P(E|H_2)} = \frac{P(H_1|E)}{P(H_2|E)}$$

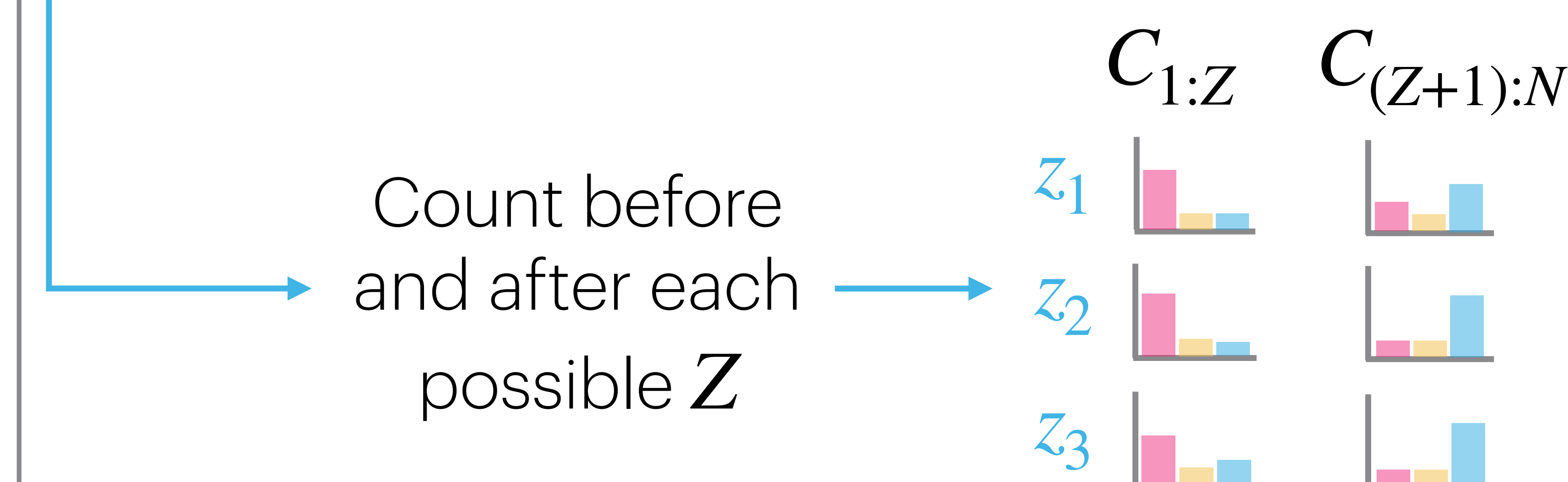
Model:



Relevant case information could be used to specify what changepoints are probable

$$X_{1:Z} | H_2, \theta_1 \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Categ}(\theta_1)$$

$$X_{(Z+1):N} | H_2, \theta_2 \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Categ}(\theta_2)$$

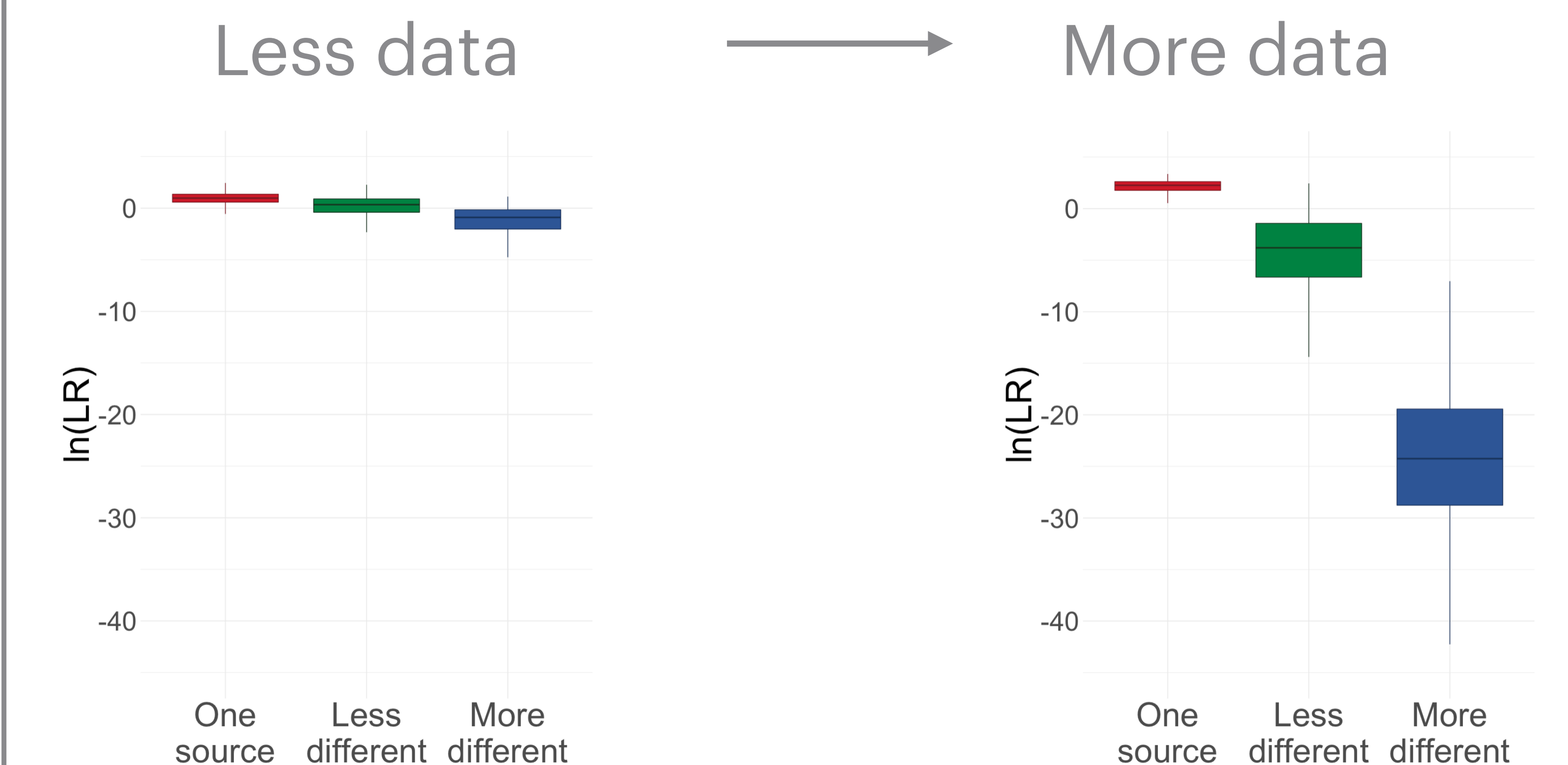


Formula for the likelihood ratio: conjugate prior for θ ; easy to calculate

$$LR = \frac{B(\alpha + C_{1:N})B(\alpha)}{\sum_z B(\alpha + C_{1:z})B(\alpha + C_{(z+1):N})p(Z = z)}$$

Results + Discussion

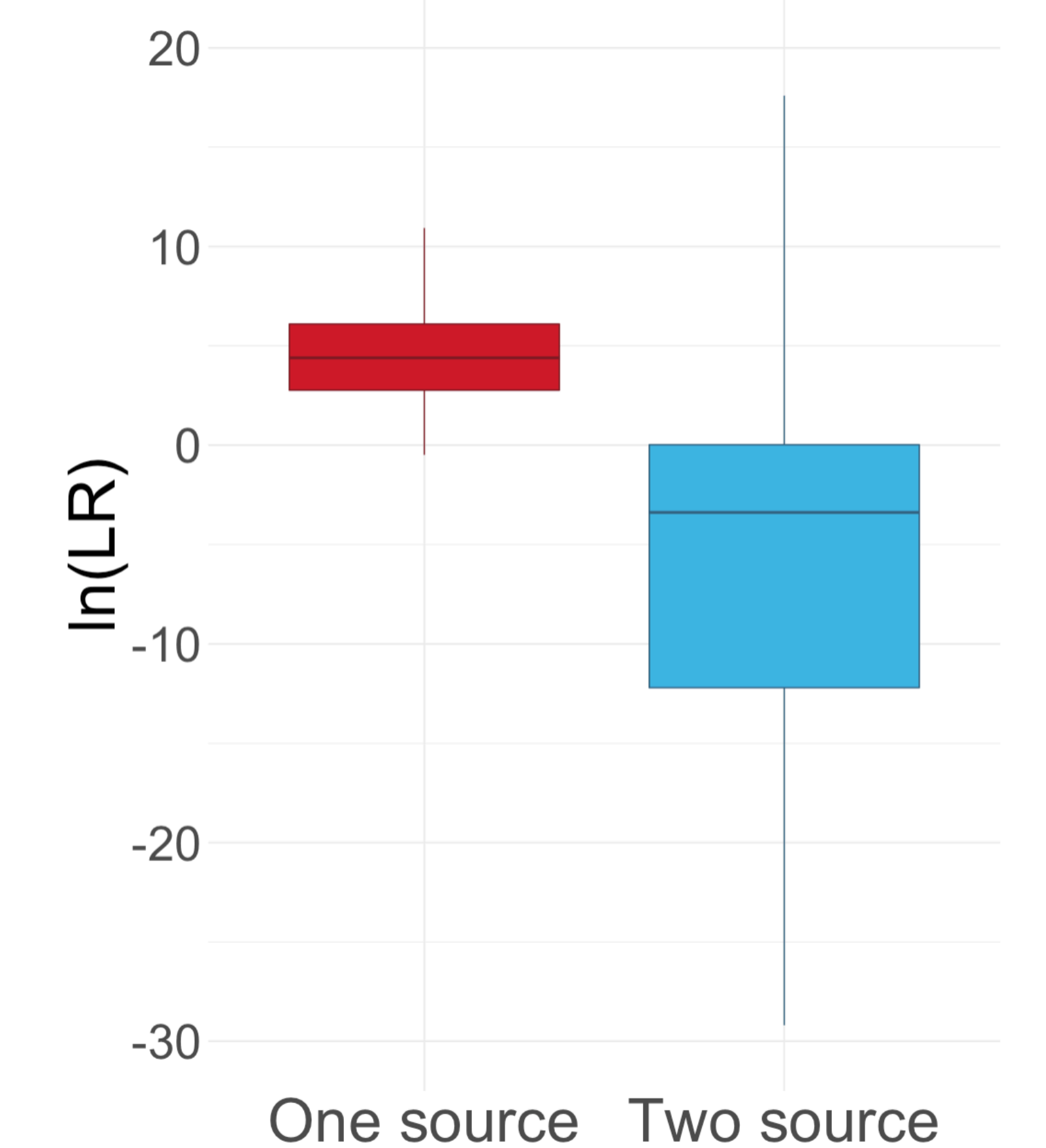
Simulations: vary amount of data and differences in event patterns



Experiments: evaluate performance using email dataset (2)

TPR@1	FPR@1	AUC
97.7%	25.6%	92.7%

C_{llr}	C_{llr}^{min}	C_{llr}^{cal}
1.13	0.37	0.75



- (1) Longjohn, Rachel, Padhraic Smyth, and Hal Stern. "Likelihood Ratios for Categorical Evidence with Applications in Digital Evidence." *AAFS Annual Conference*, 2022.
- (2) Paranjape, Ashwin, Austin R. Benson, and Jure Leskovec. "Motifs in temporal networks." *Proceedings of the tenth ACM international conference on web search and data mining*. 2017.

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